Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2022



Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Tel: 907-278-8878 Fax: 907-278-5779 www.bdo.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Sand Point, Alaska Sand Point, Alaska

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sand Point, Alaska (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the City of Sand Point adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, the schedules of the City's proportionate share of the net pension and net OPEB liability or asset, and the City's contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2022.



We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2021.

BDO USA, P.C.

Anchorage, Alaska December 22, 2023

Basic Financial Statements

City of Sand Point, Alaska Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Tota
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	3,472,640	\$	803,895	\$	4,276,535
Accounts receivable, net		1,477,442		96,348		1,573,790
Restricted cash and investments -						
Bond reserve account		-		93,850		93,850
Internal balances		1,356,118		(1,356,118)		-
Prepaid items		167,151		=		167,151
Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC		297,122		-		297,122
Net OPEB asset		917,808		356,729		1,274,537
Capital assets not being depreciated		40,000		-		40,000
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		17,285,003		11,479,816		28,764,819
Total Assets		25,013,284		11,474,520		36,487,804
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to pensions		128,244		49,823		178,067
Related to other postemployment benefits		25,336		9,848		35,184
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		153,580		59,671		213,251
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	25,166,864	\$	11,534,191	\$	36,701,055
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	21,375	\$	38,806	Ś	60,181
Accrued liabilities	*	49,462	*	2,302	•	51,764
Unearned revenue		551,129		-,552		551,129
Accrued interest payable		-		9,530		9,530
Noncurrent liabilities:				,,,,,		.,
Due within one year:						
Accrued leave		68,102		18,054		86,156
Lease liability		5,801		, -		5,801
Bonds payable		· -		165,000		165,000
Due in more than one year:						
Landfill closure costs liability		-		158,238		158,238
Lease liability		12,486		-		12,486
Bonds payable, net of current portion		-		2,930,000		2,930,000
Bond premium, net of accumulated amortization		-		220,960		220,960
Net pension liability		1,243,794		483,218		1,727,012
Total Liabilities		1,952,149		4,026,108		5,978,257
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Related to pensions		495,998		192,696		688,694
Related to other postemployment benefits		497,726		193,454		691,180
Related to leases		1,167,258		, -		1,167,258
Deferred gain on refunding		-		88,683		88,683
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,160,982		474,833		2,635,815
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		17,306,716		8,075,173		25,381,889
Unrestricted (deficit)		3,747,017		(1,041,923)		2,705,094
Total Net Position		21,053,733		7,033,250		28,086,983

City of Sand Point, Alaska Statement of Activities

							Net (Expe	ense) Revenue	e and
	_	Pro	grai	m Revenue		_	Change	in Net Posit	ion
				Operating	Capital				
		Charges		Grants &	Grants &		Govern-	Business-	
		for		Contri-	Contri-		mental	type	
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Expenses	Services		butions	butions		Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 1,847,932	\$ 233,104	\$	(12,838)	Ċ		\$ (1,627,666) \$	_	\$ (1,627,666)
Parks and recreation		\$ 233,104	Ç	(12,030)	, -			-	
	17,911	-		1,294	-		(17,911)	-	(17,911)
Public safety	598,421	142 170			-		(597,127)	-	(597,127)
Public works	839,729	142,178		(10,082)	-		(707,633)	-	(707,633)
Health clinic	-	350,103		-	-		350,103	-	350,103
Community development	50,819	-		-	-		(50,819)	-	(50,819)
Total Governmental									
Activities	3,354,812	725,385		(21,626)		_	(2,651,053)	-	(2,651,053)
Business-type Activities									
Bingo	474,954	488,441		_	_		_	13,487	13,487
Boat harbor	925,167	578,716		(8,063)	_		_	(354,514)	(354,514)
Water and sewer	226,180	243,136		(2,361)	_		_	14,595	14,595
Refuse	212,797	158,863		(4,613)	-		-	(58,547)	(58,547)
	,	•		` ` ` ` `		_		` ' '	, , , , ,
Total Business-type									
Activities	1,839,098	1,469,156		(15,037)	-		-	(384,979)	(384,979)
Total	\$ 5,193,910	\$ 2,194,541	\$	(36,663)	\$ -		(2,651,053)	(384,979)	(3,036,032)
	General Reve	nues							
	Taxes: Sales taxes						810,718	_	810,718
	Local raw f						529,138	_	529,138
	Accommod						9,063	_	9,063
		ation taxes ntitlements no	.+				9,003	-	9,003
				000			179,096		179,096
		to a specific p	-	ose			177,070	26 104	26,104
		of capital asse	:12				(25.240)	26,104	
	Investment l Transfers	OSS					(35,349) (52,000)	52,000	(35,349)
	Transiers						(32,000)	32,000	
	Total General	Revenues an	d T	ransfers			1,440,666	78,104	1,518,770
	Change in net	position					(1,210,387)	(306,875)	(1,517,262)
	Net Position,	beginning					22,264,120	7,340,125	29,604,245
	Net Position,	ending					\$ 21,053,733 \$	7,033,250	\$ 28,086,983

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

		Maj	or Funds		Noni	major Fund	
			ARPA Local	Clinic	Sil	ver Salmon	
			Sovernment	Operations		Derby	Tota
			st Revenue	Special		Special	Governmenta
June 30, 2022	General	Speci	al Revenue	Revenue		Revenue	Fund
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,261,685	\$	404,470	\$ 1,795,959	\$	10,526	\$ 3,472,640
Receivables:							
Sales tax	104,000		-	-		-	104,000
Fish tax	72,779		-	-		-	72,779
Leases	499,538		-	652,901		-	1,152,439
Other	46,282		-	101,638		304	148,224
Prepaid items	167,151		-	-		-	167,151
Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC	297,122		-	-		-	297,122
Due from other funds	19,392		-	-		-	19,392
Advances to other funds	1,336,726		-	-		-	1,336,726
Total Assets	\$ 3,804,675	\$	404,470	\$ 2,550,498	\$	10,830	\$ 6,770,473
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fur				•			Ć 24.27F
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 21,375	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	-	
Liabilities		\$	- - 404,470	\$ - - 18,238	\$	- - -	49,462
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 21,375 49,462	\$	- - 404,470 404,470	-	\$	- - -	49,462 551,129
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421	\$		18,238	\$	- - - -	49,462 551,129 621,966
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable:	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258 167,151 297,122
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258 167,151 297,122
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC Advances to other funds	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258 167,151 297,122 1,336,726
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC Advances to other funds Assigned:	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238 667,572	\$		49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258 167,151 297,122 1,336,726 1,864,688
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC Advances to other funds Assigned: Clinic	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238 667,572	\$	- - - -	49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258 167,151 297,122 1,336,726 1,864,688 10,830
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC Advances to other funds Assigned: Clinic Silver Salmon Derby	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686 167,151 297,122 1,336,726	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238 667,572	\$	- - - -	\$ 21,375 49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258 167,151 297,122 1,336,726 1,864,688 10,830 1,304,732 4,981,249
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases Fund Balances Nonspendable: Prepaid items Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC Advances to other funds Assigned: Clinic Silver Salmon Derby Unassigned	\$ 21,375 49,462 128,421 199,258 499,686 167,151 297,122 1,336,726	\$	404,470	18,238 18,238 667,572	\$	- 10,830	49,462 551,129 621,966 1,167,258 167,151 297,122 1,336,726 1,864,688 10,830 1,304,732

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position

June 30, <u>2022</u>

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 4,981,249
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:		
State ment of Neer Ostalon is anner one secause.		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported		
in the funds. These assets, net of accumulated depreciation, consist of:		
Land	\$ 40,000	
Buildings	8,726,286	
Improvements other than buildings	18,717,545	
Equipment and vehicles	2,044,409	
Right-to-use leased assets	25,002	
Accumulated depreciation	(12,228,239)	
Total capital assets		17,325,003
The PERS ARHCT, RMP and ODD OPEB Plans have been funded in excess of		
required contributions. This asset is not a financial resource and		
therefore is not reported in the funds.		917,808
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities.		
These liabilities consist of:		
Accrued leave	(68,102)	
Lease payable	(18,287)	
Net pension liability	(1,243,794)	
Total noncurrent liabilities		(1,330,183)
Certain changes in net pension and net other postemployment benefits liabilities		
and assets are deferred rather than recognized immediately. These items are		
amortized over time:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	128,244	
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	25,336	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(495,998)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(497,726)	
Total deferred pension and other postemployment benefits items		(840,144)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$21,053,733

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Major	Funds	Nonmajor Fund	
		Clinic	Silver Salmon	
		Operations	Derby	Total
		Special	Special	Governmental
Year Ended June 30, 2022	General	Revenue	Revenue	Funds
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,348,919	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,348,919
State of Alaska	247,845	· -	· <u>-</u>	247,845
Federal government	437	-	-	437
Charges for services	-	134,217	28,540	162,757
Other revenues	328,051	215,886	-	543,937
Total Revenues	1,925,252	350,103	28,540	2,303,895
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	973,595	-	-	973,595
Parks and recreation	10,108	-	-	10,108
Public safety	695,754	-	-	695,754
Public works	668,775	-	-	668,775
Community development	-	-	38,590	38,590
Debt Service - principal	6,715	-	_	6,715
Debt Service - interest	1,700	-	-	1,700
Capital outlay	39,808	-	-	39,808
Total Expenditures	2,396,455	-	38,590	2,435,045
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(471,203)	350,103	(10,050)	(131,150)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Other financing sources related to leases	25,002	-	-	25,002
Transfer out	(52,000)	-	-	(52,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(26,998)		-	(26,998)
Net change in fund balances	(498,201)	350,103	(10,050)	(158,148)
Fund Balances, beginning	3,603,932	1,514,585	20,880	5,139,397
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 3,105,731	\$ 1,864,688	\$ 10,830	\$ 4,981,249

Reconciliation of Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (158,148)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$1,308,197) exceeds the capital outlay (\$39,808) in the current year.	(1,268,389)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Decrease in accrued leave	8,993
Increase in lease payable	(18,287)
Change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Change in net other postemployment benefits liability (asset) and related deferred	(106,023)
outflows and inflows of resources	 331,467

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

\$ (1,210,387)

Enterprise Funds Statement of Net Position

		Major F	unds		Total
	Boat	Water		Refuse	Enterprise
June 30, 2022	Harbor	and Sewer	Bingo	Collection	Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Current Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,216	\$ 607,679	\$ 803,895
Accounts receivable, net	73,696	10,602	-	12,050	96,348
Total Current Assets	73,696	10,602	196,216	619,729	900,243
Restricted Cash					
Bond reserve account	93,850	-	-	-	93,850
Net OPEB Asset	191,193	55,936	-	109,600	356,729
Capital Assets					
Buildings and improvements	10,795,390	5,762,029	-	19,400	16,576,819
Equipment and vehicles	1,894,985	177,509	14,541	498,629	2,585,664
Sanitary landfill	-	-	-	1,996,889	1,996,889
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,062,370)	(3,468,621)	(14,541)	(2,134,024)	(9,679,556)
Total Capital Assets	8,628,005	2,470,917	-	380,894	11,479,816
Total Assets	8,986,744	2,537,455	196,216	1,110,223	12,830,638
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Related to pensions	26,710	7,817	-	15,296	49,823
Related to other postemployment benefits	5,278	1,544	-	3,026	9,848
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	31,988	9,361	-	18,322	59,671
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows					
of Resources	\$ 9,018,732	\$ 2,546,816	\$ 196,216	\$1,128,545	\$ 12,890,309

Enterprise Funds Statement of Net Position, continued

				Major Fi	und	ls				Total
		Boat		Water			Ref	use		Enterprise
June 30, 2022		Harbor		and Sewer		Bingo	Collect	ion		Funds
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources										
and Net Position										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	33,280	\$	5,176	\$	-	\$ 3	50	\$	38,806
Accrued leave		8,390		2,128		-	7,5	36		18,054
Accrued payroll		-		-		2,302		-		2,302
Accrued interest payable		9,530		-		-		-		9,530
Current portion of bonds payable		165,000		-		-		-		165,000
Due to General Fund		-		-		19,392		-		19,392
Total Current Liabilities		216,200		7,304		21,694	7,8	86		253,084
		·		·		•				
Noncurrent Liabilities		225 (22		42.4.000						
Advances from General Fund		905,698		431,028		-		-		1,336,726
Bonds payable, net of current portion		2,930,000		-		-		-		2,930,000
Bond premium, net		220,960		-		-		-		220,960
Landfill closure costs liability		-		-		-	158,2			158,238
Net pension liability		259,052		75,816		-	148,3	50		483,218
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,315,710		506,844		-	306,5	88		5,129,142
Total Liabilities		4,531,910		514,148		21,694	314,4	74		5,382,226
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Related to pensions		103,304		30,233		_	59,1	59		192,696
Related to other postemployment benefits		103,684		30,334		_	59,4			193,454
Deferred gain on refunding		88,683		<u>-</u>		-		-		88,683
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		295,671		60,567		-	118,5	95		474,833
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		5,223,362		2,470,917			380,8	۵۸		8,075,173
·						474 F22	-			
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,032,211)		(498,816)		174,522	314,5	0Z		(1,041,923)
Total Net Position		4,191,151		1,972,101		174,522	695,4	76		7,033,250
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
of Resources and Net Position	\$	9,018,732	ς	2.546.816	ς	196,216	\$1,128.5	45	ς.	12.890 309
Or Nesources and Net I Osition	ب	7,010,73L	ب	2,370,010	ب	. 70,210	7 1,120,3	IJ	ب	12,070,307

Enterprise Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	 	Major Fu	ınds		Total
V 5 1 1 1 20 2022	Boat	Water	ъ.	Refuse	Enterprise
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Harbor	and Sewer	Bingo	Collection	Funds
Operating Revenues	\$ 578,716	\$ 243,136	\$ 488,441	\$ 158,863	\$ 1,469,156
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and benefits	185,365	(23,336)	36,629	123,810	322,468
Services and supplies	202,619	76,970	438,325	25,364	743,278
Depreciation	481,492	172,546	-	63,623	717,661
Total Operating Expenses	869,476	226,180	474,954	212,797	1,783,407
Operating income (loss)	(290,760)	16,956	13,487	(53,934)	(314,251)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB	(8,063)	(2,361)	-	(4,613)	(15,037)
Gain on disposal of capital assets	26,104	-	-	-	26,104
Interest expense	(55,691)	-	-	-	(55,691)
Net Nonoperating Expenses	(37,650)	(2,361)	-	(4,613)	(44,624)
Income (loss) before transfers	(328,410)	14,595	13,487	(58,547)	(358,875)
Transfers in	-	52,000	-	-	52,000
Change in net position	(328,410)	66,595	13,487	(58,547)	(306,875)
Net Position, beginning	4,519,561	1,905,506	161,035	754,023	7,340,125
Net Position, ending	\$ 4,191,151	\$ 1,972,101	\$ 174,522	\$ 695,476	\$ 7,033,250

Enterprise Funds Statement of Cash Flows

		Major F	unds		Total
	 Boat	Water		Refuse	Enterprise
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Harbor	and Sewer	Bingo	Collection	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers	\$ 631,810	\$ 248,543	\$ 488,441	\$ 165,039	\$ 1,533,833
Payments for goods and services	(173,624)	(78,796)	(438,325)	(21,054)	(711,799)
Payments for salaries and benefits	(242,867)	(82,206)	(35,302)	(129,524)	(489,899)
Net cash flows from operating activities	 215,319	87,541	14,814	14,461	332,135
Cash Flows for Noncapital Financing Activities					
(Increase) in due from General Fund	-	-	(1,184)	-	(1,184)
Decrease in advances from General Fund	-	(139,541)	-	-	(139,541)
Transfers in	-	52,000	-	-	52,000
Net cash flows for noncapital financing activities	-	(87,541)	(1,184)	-	(88,725)
Cash Flows for Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Principal paid on long-term debt	(160,000)	-	-	-	(160,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(88,817)	-	-	-	(88,817)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	30,000	-	-	-	30,000
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(497,190)	-	-	-	(497,190)
Increase in advances from General Fund	81,568	-	-	-	81,568
Net cash flows for capital					
and related financing activities	(634,439)	-	-	-	(634,439)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(419,120)	-	13,630	14,461	(391,029)
Cash and Investments, beginning	419,120	-	182,586	593,218	1,194,924
Cash and Investments, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,216	\$ 607,679	\$ 803,895
Reconciliation of Cash and Investments					
to Statement of Net Position					
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,216	\$ 607,679	\$ 803,895
Restricted cash and investments	 93,850	-	-	-	93,850
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 93,850	\$ -	\$ 196,216	\$ 607,679	\$ 897,745

Enterprise Funds Statement of Cash Flows, continued

		Total			
	Boat	Water			Enterprise
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Harbor	and Sewer	Bingo	Refuse	Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (290,760)	\$ 16,956	\$ 13,487	\$ (53,934)	\$ (314,251)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash flows from operating activities:					
Depreciation	481,492	172,546	-	63,623	717,661
State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB	(8,063)	(2,361)	-	(4,613)	(15,037)
(Increase) decrease in assets and					
deferred outflows of resources:					
Accounts receivable, net	53,094	5,407	-	6,176	64,677
Net OPEB asset	(159,214)	(37,199)	-	(94,669)	(291,082)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	16,840	17,700	-	5,037	39,577
Deferred outflows of resources related to other					
postemployment benefits	13,949	9,721	-	5,951	29,621
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and					
deferred inflows of resources:					
Accounts payable	28,995	(1,826)	-	(87)	27,082
Accrued leave	3,163	(1,151)	-	(2,170)	(158)
Accrued payroll	-	-	1,327	-	1,327
Landfill closure costs liability	-	-	-	4,397	4,397
Net pension liability	(104,154)	(136,993)	-	(21,233)	(262,380)
Net other postemployment benefits liability	(856)	(501)	-	(400)	(1,757)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	103,304	30,233	-	59,159	192,696
Deferred inflows of resources related to other					
postemployment benefits	77,529	15,009	-	47,224	139,762
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$ 215,319	\$ 87,541	\$ 14,814	\$ 14.461	\$ 332,135

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Sand Point, Alaska (the City) was incorporated in 1966 and has operated as a first-class city since 1978 under a council/mayor form of government. The City provides a full range of services to its citizens including, but not limited to, public safety, streets, health and social services, water and sewer, refuse collection, boat harbor, and general administration.

The basic principle used in determining the scope of the entity for financial reporting purposes is the exercise of oversight responsibility over other governmental units by the City's elected officials. Oversight responsibility is derived from the governmental unit's power and includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. No other entities exist for which the City has oversight responsibility.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. Individual funds are not displayed, but statements distinguish governmental activities from business-type activities which are generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The statement of activities reports expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for nonmajor funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to accrued leave, pension and other postemployment benefits, are recorded only to the extent they have matured.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment income. In general, other revenues are recognized when received.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. In addition, general revenues include all taxes, investment income, and State and federal entitlement revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Major Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - Reports as the primary fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

ARPA Local Government Lost Revenue Special Revenue Fund - to account for the portion of ARPA funds used as replacement of lost revenues from the COVID-19 pandemic. The City has a legally adopted annual budget, however, grant funds were unspent for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Clinic Operations Special Revenue Fund - to account for operations of the Sand Point Health Clinic facility.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Boat Harbor Enterprise Fund - to account for activities of the boat harbor.

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund - to account for activities of the water and sewer utilities.

Bingo Enterprise Fund - to account for gaming activities.

Refuse Collection Enterprise Fund - to account for activities of the refuse collection. The City has elected to report this fund as major due to the fund's significance to the public.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the City considers all cash and investments to be cash equivalents. The central treasury, which holds cash and investments, is used essentially as a cash management pool by each fund.

Receivables and Payables

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds." Long-term loans between funds are classified as "advances to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

At the governmental fund financial reporting level, an "advance to other funds" is offset by nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund to indicate that it is not available for general appropriation.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are recognized when incurred and the expenditure/expense is recorded in the period that is benefitted using the consumption method.

Capital Assets

The City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Donated assets are stated at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an ordinary market transaction at the acquisition date. The City generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed of, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded.

Estimated useful lives in years for depreciable assets are as follows:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Equipment and vehicles	5-10
Improvements other than buildings	10-20
Landfill	32

Accrued Leave

It is the City's policy to allow employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave. Compensated absences are reported as accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Unearned Revenue

Amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Long-term Debt

In government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Governmental fund financial statements recognize proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period.

Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities and asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Generally, the City reports certain pension and OPEB related items as deferred outflows of resources. These items are amortized to expense over time.

In addition to the liabilities, the financial statements may also present deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until later. The City reports certain pension and OPEB related items, the deferred gain on bond refunding, and lessor leases as deferred inflows of resources. Pension and OPEB items and the deferred gain on bond refunding are amortized as a reduction of expense over varying periods of time based on their nature. Lessor leases are amortized as revenue over the remaining terms of the respective leases.

Leases

Lessee - The City is party to a lease of nonfinancial assets as a lessee. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use leased assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure lease assets and liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of any lease liability. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor - The City has leased to third-parties multiple nonfinancial assets. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements where applicable.

At the commencement of the lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee. The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources:

Nonspendable fund balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form—prepaid items, inventories or advances to other funds; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the City Council—the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance - This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Unassigned fund balance - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in three components as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - This consists of net position that is legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.

Use of Estimates

Preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in these financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Accounting

The annual City operating budget is prepared by management in the spring preceding the fiscal year to which it relates. The budget is submitted to the City Council for review and approval. Legal enactment of the budget is obtained through passage of a City ordinance. Amendments to the budget can occur any time during the fiscal year through City Council action. The budget is enacted at the department level.

Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

In applying the measurable and available concept to grants and intergovernmental revenues, legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts are considered "earned"; therefore, revenues are recognized based on expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the measurable and available criteria are met.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

2. Cash and Investments

Reconciliation of Deposit and Investment Balances

The following is a reconciliation of the City's deposit and investment balances to the financial statements as of June 30, 2022.

	Totals
Deposit accounts and cash on hand Charles Schwab investment Pooled investment	\$ 741,280 587,405 3,041,700
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,370,385
	Totals
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 4,276,535
Restricted cash and investments - Bond reserve account	93,850
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,370,385

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, \$250,000 of the City's Wells Fargo bank deposits were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and \$500,000 of the City's investments in Charles Schwab were insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. The remaining balance of deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Pooled Investment (AMLIP, see below) is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Municipal code allows the City to invest in the following items:

- a) Cash reserves of other public entities
- b) Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool

Pooled investments are invested with the Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool, Inc. (AMLIP). The AMLIP is an external investment pool which is rated AAAm for credit risk purposes. Alaska Statute 37.23 establishes regulatory oversight of the pool. The law sets forth numerous requirements regarding authorized investments and reporting. The City's investment in AMLIP of \$3,041,700 is measured at net asset value, as of June 30, 2022. Management believes these values approximate fair value.

The fair values of the City's equity securities at year end are \$587,405.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The equity securities held by the City at June 30, 2022 are all considered to be Level 1.

Southwest Governments, LLC

The City holds a 20% interest in Southwest Governments, LLC, a company that owns and rents an office building in Anchorage, Alaska. At June 30, 2022, the City's investment in the LLC was \$297,122. This investment is considered noncurrent, and accordingly, an equal amount of fund balance of the General Fund is shown as nonspendable. In 2022, the City's share of the income Southwest Governments, LLC was \$21,773 and the City took a distribution of \$40,000, for a change in the investment balance of (\$8,227), which is included in other revenue.

The City's investment in Southwest Governments, LLC is accounted for under the equity method. Under the equity method, original investments are recorded at cost and adjusted by the City's share of undistributed earnings or losses. The City would recognize an impairment loss when there is a loss in value in the equity method investment which is other than a temporary decline.

3. Receivables and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City maintains accounts receivable balances of which a portion is reserved as an allowance for doubtful accounts. At June 30, 2022, receivables for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

C:1. . - . .

			Silver				
			Salmon		Water	Refuse	
		Clinic	Derby	Boat	and	Collec-	
		Operations	Nonmajor	Harbor	Sewer	tion	
		Special	Govern-	Enter-	Enter-	Enter-	
	General	Revenue	mental	prise	prise	prise	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
Accounts Sales and fish taxes Leases	\$ 46,282 176,779 499,538	\$ 101,638 - 652,901	\$ 304 - -	\$ 155,155 - -	\$ 17,640 - -	\$ 15,540 \$ - -	336,559 176,779 1,152,439
Total receivables Less allowance for uncollectible	722,599	754,539	304	155,155	17,640	15,540	1,665,777
accounts	-	-	-	(81,459)	(7,038)	(3,490)	(91,987)
Net Receivables	\$ 722,599	\$ 754,539	\$ 304	\$ 73,696	\$ 10,602	\$ 12,050 \$	5 1,573,790

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Additions			
Covernmental Astivities	Balance	and	Dolotions	مصيا	Balance
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2021	Transfers	Deletions	June	30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated -					
Land	\$ 40,000 \$	-	\$ -	\$	40,000
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized:					
Buildings	8,726,286	-	-	8	8,726,286
Improvements other than buildings	18,717,545	-	-		8,717,545
Equipment and vehicles	2,029,603	14,806	-	2	2,044,409
Right-to-use leased asset	-	25,002	-		25,002
Total assets being depreciated and amortized	29,473,434	39,808	_	20	9,513,242
difforcized	27,773,737	37,000			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Buildings	6,511,229	436,316	-		5,947,545
Improvement other than buildings	2,542,769	797,912	-		3,340,681
Equipment and vehicles	1,866,044	67,719	-	1	,933,763
Right-to-use leased asset	-	6,250	-		6,250
Total accumulated depreciation and					
amortization	10,920,042	1,308,197	-	12	2,228,239
Total capital assets being	10 552 200	// 0/0 200 \			
_ depreciated, net	18,553,392	(1,268,389)	-	17	7,285,003
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 18,593,392 \$	(1,268,389)	\$ _	\$ 17	7,325,003

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Business-type Activities	Balance July 1, 2021		Deletions and Transfers	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2022			
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 680,880	\$ 497,190	\$ 1,178,070	\$	<u>-</u>			
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Landfill	16,576,819 1,438,772 1,996,889	1,178,070	- 31,178 -		16,576,819 2,585,664 1,996,889			
Total assets being depreciated	20,012,480	1,178,070	31,178		21,159,372			
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Landfill	6,148,511 1,280,595 1,560,071	48,955	- 27,282 -		6,754,814 1,302,268 1,622,474			
Total accumulated depreciation	8,989,177	717,661	27,282		9,679,556			
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,023,303	460,409	3,896		11,479,816			
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 11,704,183	\$ 957,599	\$ 1,181,966	\$	11,479,816			
Depreciation expense was charged to	the functions as	follows for th	e year ended Ju	ne 30	0, 2022:			
Governmental Activities								
General government Parks and recreation Community development Public safety Public works				\$	991,298 7,803 12,229 41,130 255,737			
Total Depreciation Expense - Govern	Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities \$ 1,308,1							
Business-type Activities								
Boat harbor Refuse collection Water and sewer				\$	481,492 63,623 172,546			
Total Depreciation Expense - Busines	ss-type Activitie	es ·		\$	717,661			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

5. Leases

Leases receivable

During the current year, the City, as lessor, entered into several multiple-year lease agreements to third parties for various nonfinancial assets. The lengths of the lease terms vary, and the City used their incremental borrowing rate of 5% when there was no stated interest rate in the lease contract. The City received payments totaling \$261,182 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City recognized \$210,616 in lease revenue and \$35,745 in interest revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. As of June 30, 2022, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$1,152,439. The City recognized a deferred inflows of resources associated with the lease of \$1,167,258 on June 30, 2022, that will be recognized as revenue over the remainder of the lease terms.

Lease payable

During the current year, the City entered into a four-year lease agreement as a lessee for land from the State of Alaska. The lease went into effect on July 1, 2021. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$25,002 during the current year. As of June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance on the lease was \$18,287. The City is required to make annual payments of \$6,715. The City used its incremental borrowing rate of 5%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2022 was \$25,002 and had accumulated amortization of \$6,250.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	nterest	Total	
2023 2024 2025	\$	5,801 6,091 6,395	\$ 914 624 320	\$ 6,715 6,715 6,715
Total	\$	18,287	\$ 1,858	\$ 20,145

6. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City of Sand Point issued general obligation bonds for the expansion of the Small Boat Harbor. The general obligation bonds pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Bonds in the amount of \$2,615,000 were issued on March 12, 2013.

In June 2021, the City issued 2021 Series general obligation bonds of \$2,120,000 to refund \$1,990,000 of outstanding 2013 Series One general obligation bonds.

Revenue Bonds

In June 2021, the City issued 2021 Series Harbor Revenue Bonds of \$970,000 at a premium of \$249,151 for the construction of a travel lift for the Small Boat Harbor. See Note 7 for the revenue bond requirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

All of the bonds outstanding are held by the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority. This State of Alaska agency purchases bonds from municipalities within the State, while simultaneously selling its own bonds to third parties in order to fund the bond purchases. Bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Business-type Activities	Interest Rates	(Outstanding Balance
Small boat harbor:			
\$2,615,000, 2013 Series One general obligation bonds, due in			
annual principal payment of \$85,000 in 2023	2%-5%	\$	85,000
\$2,120,000, 2021 Series general obligation bonds, due in annual			
principal payments of \$35,000 to \$160,000 through 2038	0.2%-3%		2,085,000
\$970,000, 2021 Series Harbor Revenue Bonds, due in annual			
principal payments of \$45,000 to \$90,000 through 2036	0.2%-1.7%		925,000
Total small boat harbor bonds payable		\$	3,095,000

Debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Business-type Activities

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest		Total
2023	\$ 120,000	\$ 42,665	\$	162,665
2024	125,000	38,928		163,928
2025	125,000	38,215		163,215
2026	125,000	37,134		162,134
2027	130,000	35,721		165,721
2028-2032	660,000	145,994		805,994
2033-2037	725,000	71,099		796,099
2038	160,000	2,422		162,422
	 _			
Total	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 412,178	\$ 2	2,582,178

Debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds are as follows:

Business-type Activities

Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	45,000	Ś	44,225	Ś	89,225
2024	*	50,000	~	41,850	Ψ.	91,850
2025		50,000		39,350		89,350
2026		55,000		36,725		91,725
2027		60,000		33,850		93,850
2028-2032		335,000		121,625		456,625
2033-2036		330,000		31,100		361,100
Total	\$	925,000	\$	348,725	\$ 1	,273,725

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Accrued leave Lease payable Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$ 77,095 - 1,710,638 4,031	\$ 71,586 25,002 -	\$ 80,579 6,715 466,844 4,031	\$ 68,102 18,287 1,243,794	\$ 68,102 5,801 -
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,791,764	\$ 96,588	\$ 588,169	\$ 1,330,183	\$ 73,903
Business-type Activities	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Bond premium Landfill closure liability Accrued leave Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,285,000 970,000 249,151 153,841 18,212 745,598 1,757	\$ - - 4,397 21,006 -	\$ 115,000 45,000 28,191 - 21,164 262,380 1,757	\$ 2,170,000 925,000 220,960 158,238 18,054 483,218	\$ 120,000 45,000 - - 18,054 -
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 4,423,559	\$ 25,403	\$ 473,492	\$ 3,975,470	\$ 183,054

For governmental activities, accrued leave is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The City amortizes bond premiums and deferred gain from refunding using the effective interest method.

7. Revenue Bond Requirements

Pledged Revenue - Harbor Revenue Bonds

The Boat Harbor Enterprise Fund has pledged future customer revenue, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the harbor lift station. The bonds are payable solely from harbor lift station customer net revenues and are payable through 2036.

Revenue Requirements

The Harbor revenue bonds also require a rate be maintained at a level that will produce net revenues after certain adjustments, equal to 1.25 times the amount required each year to pay the principal and interest.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

8. Fund Balances

Fund balances, reported for the individual major funds, and nonmajor funds in the aggregate on the governmental funds balance sheet are subject to the following constraints at June 30, 2022:

		Clinic Operations Special	Nonmajor Fund- Silver Salmon Derby	
	General Fund	Revenue Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items	\$ 167,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 167,151
Investment in Southwest				
Governments, LLC	297,122	-	-	297,122
Advances to other funds	1,336,726	-	-	1,336,726
Total nonspendable	1,800,999	_	_	1,800,999
Total Honspellauble	1,000,777			1,000,777
Assigned:				
Clinic	-	1,864,688	-	1,864,688
Silver Salmon Derby	-	-	10,830	10,830
Total assigned	-	1,864,688	10,830	1,875,518
Unassigned	1,304,732	_	-	1,304,732
	, ,			, ,
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,105,731	\$ 1,864,688	\$ 10,830	\$ 4,981,249

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

9. Interfund Balances

A schedule of interfund balances and transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, follows:

Due	to	Other	Fund	ς
Duc	···		ı ana	

Due to the General Fund from the Bingo Enterprise Fund		
to cover operating costs		19,392
Advances to Other Funds		
Advances from the General Fund to:		
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund for capital and operating costs	\$	431,028
Boat Harbor Enterprise Fund for operating costs	<u> </u>	905,698
Total Advances to Other Funds	\$	1,336,726
Transfers		
Transfers from the General Fund to:		
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund for operating expenses	\$	52,000

10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Plans

(a) Defined Benefit (DB) Pension Plan

General Information About the Plan

The City participates in the Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan which covers eligible State and local government employees, other than teachers. The Plan was established and is administered by the State of Alaska Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

The Plan is included in a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. That report is available via the internet at https://drb.alaska.gov/docs/reports/. Actuarial valuation reports, audited financial statements, and other detailed plan information are also available on this website.

The Plan provides for retirement, death and disability, and postemployment healthcare benefits. There are three tiers of employees, based on entry date. For all tiers within the Defined Benefit (DB) plan, full retirement benefits are generally calculated using a formula comprised of a multiplier times the average monthly salary (AMS) times the number of years of service. The multiplier is increased at longevity milestone markers for most employees. Peace/Fire employees accrue benefits at an accelerated rate. The tiers within the Plan establish differing criteria regarding normal retirement age, early retirement age, and the criteria for calculation of AMS, COLA adjustments, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). A complete benefit comparison chart is available at the website noted above.

The PERS DB Plan was closed to new entrants effective July 1, 2006. New employees hired after that date participate in the PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Plan described later in these notes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Historical Context and Special Funding Situation

In April 2008, the Alaska Legislature passed legislation converting the previously existing PERS plan from a DB agent-multiple-employer plan to a DB cost-sharing plan with an effective date of July 1, 2008. In connection with this conversion, the State of Alaska passed additional legislation which statutorily capped the employer contribution rate, established a state funded "on-behalf" contribution (subject to funding availability), and required that employer contributions be calculated against all PERS eligible wages, including wages paid to participants of the PERS Tier IV defined contribution plan described later in these notes. The Alaska Legislature has the power and authority to change the aforementioned statute through the legislative process.

Alaska Statute 39.35.280 requires the State of Alaska to contribute to the Plan an amount such that, when combined with the employer contribution, is sufficient to pay the Plan's past service liability contribution rate as adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARM Board). As such, the Plan is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB, and management has recorded all pension related liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and disclosures on this basis.

The City recorded the related on-behalf contributions as revenue and expense or expenditures as prescribed by GAAP, pursuant to the relevant basis of accounting based on fund type.

Employee Contribution Rates

Regular employees are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. Police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary.

Employer and Other Contribution Rates

There are several contribution rates associated with the pension contributions and related liabilities. These amounts are calculated on an annual basis.

Employer Effective Rate: This is the contractual employer pay-in rate. Under current legislation, the amount calculated for the statutory employer effective contribution rate is 22% on eligible wages. This 22% rate is calculated on all PERS participating wages, including those wages attributable to employees in the DC plan. Contributions derived from the DC employee payroll is referred to as the Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability or DBUL contribution.

ARM Board Adopted Rate: This is the rate formally adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. This rate is actuarially determined and used to calculate annual Plan funding requirements, without regard to the statutory rate cap or the GASB accounting rate. Effective July 1, 2015, the Legislature requires the ARM Board to adopt employer contribution rates for past service liabilities using a level percent of pay method over a closed 25-year term which ends in 2039. This change results in lower ARM Board Rates than previously adopted.

State Contribution Rate: This is the rate paid in by the State as an on-behalf payment under the current statute. The statute requires the State to contribute, based on funding availability, an onbehalf amount equal to the difference between the ARM Board Rate and the Employer Effective Rate. In the governmental fund financial statements, on-behalf contribution amounts have been recognized as additional revenues and expenditures. In the proprietary funds and government-wide financial statements, the on-behalf amounts reflect revenue and expense only during the measurement period in which the Plan recognizes the payments, resulting in a significant timing difference between the cash transfers and revenue and expense recognition.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2022 were determined in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations. The City's contribution rates for the 2022 fiscal year were as follows:

	Employer Effective Rate	ARM Board Adopted Rate	State Contribution Rate
Pension	15.54%	26.99%	8.11%
Postemployment healthcare (ARHCT)	6.46%	3.12%	-%_
Total Contribution Rates	22.00%	30.11%	8.11%

In 2022, the City was credited with the following contributions to the pension plan:

	Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to		City Fiscal July 1, 2		
	June 30, 2021		June	e 30, 2022	
Employer contributions (including DBUL) Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)	\$	161,621 118,724	\$	140,359 95,470	
Total Contributions	\$	280,345	\$	235,829	

In addition, employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$7,280 during the City's fiscal year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City proportionate share of NPL State's proportionate share of NPL associated with the City	\$ 1,727,012 232,744
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,959,756

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 to calculate the net pension liability as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, including the State, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2021 measurement date, the City's proportion was 0.04708 percent, which was an increase of 0.00546 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$356,841 and on-behalf revenue of \$334 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	of	Deferred Outflows Resources	of	Deferred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	-	\$	(7,651)
on pension plan investments		-		(681,043)
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		37,708 140,359		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	\$	178,067	\$	(688,694)

The \$140,359 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (128,208) (156,000) (168,749) (198,029)
Total Amortization	\$ (650,986)

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the actuarial assumptions listed below, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability, level percent of pay basis
Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary increases	For peace officer/firefighter, increases range from 7.75% to 2.75% based on service. For all others, increases range from 6.75% to 2.75% based on service.
Allocation methodology	Amounts for the June 30, 2021 measurement date were allocated to employers based on the ratio of the present value of projected future contributions for each employer to the total present value of projected future contributions for the Plan for the fiscal years 2023 to 2039.
Investment rate of return	7.38%, net of pension plan investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 2.50% and a real rate of return of 4.88%.
Mortality	Pre-commencement and post-commencement mortality rates were based upon the 2013-2017 actual mortality experience. Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on 100% of the RP-2014 employee table, benefit-weighted, rolled back to 2006, and projected with MP-2017 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates were based on 91% of male and 96% of female rates of the RP-2014 healthy annuitant table, benefit-weighted, rolled back to 2006, and projected with MP-2017 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to be occupational 75% of the time for peace officers/firefighters, 40% of the time for all others.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation (latest available) were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2017, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation adopted by the Board to better reflect expected experience. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2019 valuation, except the amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid from defined benefit pension plan assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return, excluding the inflation component of 2.50%, for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Lor	ng-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Range	Rate of Return
Broad domestic equity	28%	+/- 6%	6.63%
Global equity (non-U.S.)	19%	+/- 4%	5.41%
Aggregate bonds	22%	+/- 10%	0.76%
Opportunistic	6 %	+/- 4%	4.39%
Real assets	13%	+/- 7%	3.16%
Private equity	12 %	+/- 6%	9.29%
Cash equivalents	-%	-%	0.13%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.38%. The discount rate used did not change from the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy, which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.38%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Proportional Share	,	1% Decrease (6.38%)	Current Discount Rate (7.38%)	1% Increase (8.38%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.04708%	\$	2,557,945	\$ 1,727,012	\$ 1,028,921

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(b) Defined Contribution (DC) Pension Plan

Employees hired after July 1, 2006 participate in PERS Tier IV, a DC plan. This Plan is administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration in conjunction with the DB plan noted above. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. The Alaska Retirement Management Board may also amend contribution requirements. Included in the Plan are individual pension accounts, a retiree medical insurance plan and a separate Health Reimbursement Arrangement account that will help retired members pay medical premiums and other eligible medical expenses not covered by the medical plan. This Plan is included in the comprehensive annual financial report for PERS, and at the following website https://drb.alaska.gov/docs/reports/.

Contributions to the DC plan consist solely of employer and employee contributions with no special funding or other nonemployer contributions. In addition, actual remittances to the PERS system require that the City contribute at 22%. After deducting the DC plan contributions (and related OPEB contributions), the remaining remittance (the DBUL) is deposited into the DB plan as noted earlier.

Benefit Terms

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and vest 25% with two years of service, plus an additional 25% per year thereafter for full vesting at five years of service. Nonvested employer contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment from the Plan. Such forfeitures were applied in the year ended June 30, 2022 to cover a portion of the City's employer match contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, forfeitures reduced pension expense by zero, as there were no forfeitures during the year.

Employee Contribution Rate

Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary. This amount goes directly to the individual's account.

Employer Contribution Rate

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City was required to contribute 5% of covered salary into the Plan.

The City and employee contributions to PERS for pensions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$53,074 and \$84,918, respectively. The City contribution amount was recognized as pension expense/expenditures.

(c) Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

As part of its participation in PERS, the City participates in the following cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit OPEB plans: Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT), Retiree Medical Plan (RMP) and Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD).

The ARHCT, a healthcare trust fund, provides major medical coverage to retirees of the DB plan. The ARHCT is self-funded and self-insured. The ARHCT was closed to all new members effective July 1, 2006. Benefits vary by Tier level. The RMP provides major medical coverage to retirees of the PERS DC Plan (Tier IV). The RMP is self-insured. Members are not eligible to use the Plan until they have at least 10 years of service and are Medicare age eligible. The ODD provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within PERS. The Plans are administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration. The OPEB

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

plans are included in the comprehensive annual financial report for PERS, at the following website https://drb.alaska.gov/docs/reports/.

Employer Contribution Rate

Employer contribution rates are actuarily determined and adopted by and may be amended by the Board. Employees do not contribute.

Employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Other	Peace/Fire
Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust	6.46%	6.46%
Retiree Medical Plan	1.07%	1.07%
Occupational Death and Disability	0.31%	0.68%
Total Contribution Rates	7.84%	8.21%

In 2022, the City was credited with the following contributions to the OPEB plans:

	Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021		July 1, 2020 to		City Fiscal Yea July 1, 202 to June 30, 202	
Employer contributions - ARHCT Employer contributions - RMP Employer contributions - ODD	\$	16,423 14,492 4,850	\$	6,968 11,358 4,406		
Total Contributions	\$	35,765	\$	22,732		

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans

At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (NOA) that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total were as follows:

City's proportionate share of NOA - ARHCT	\$ 1,213,501
City's proportionate share of NOA - RMP	20,960
City's proportionate share of NOA - ODD	40,076
Total City's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Asset	\$ 1,274,537
State's proportionate share of the ARHCT NOA associated with the City	155,901
Total Net OPEB Asset	\$ 1,430,438

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The total OPEB assets for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 to calculate the net OPEB assets as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB assets is based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	
	Measurement	Measurement	
	Date Employer	Date Employer	
	Proportion	Proportion	Change
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB assets:			
ARHCT	0.04160%	0.04730%	0.00570 %
RMP	0.08160%	0.07809%	(0.00351)%
ODD	0.10232%	0.09093%	(0.01139)%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense (benefit) of \$(463,503). Of this amount, \$(54,092) was recorded for on-behalf revenue and expense for support provided by the ARHCT plan. OPEB expense (benefit) and on-behalf revenue is listed by plan in the table below:

<u>Plan</u>	OF	On-behalf Revenue					
ARHCT RMP ODD	\$	(485,507) 18,249 3,755	\$	(54,092) - -			
Total	\$	(463,503)	\$	(54,092)			

At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB plans from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	ARHCT			RMP	ODD	Total		
Difference between expected and actual								
experience	\$	-	\$	1,558	\$ -	\$ 1,558		
Changes in assumptions		-		6,515	-	6,515		
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		703	3,676	4,379		
City contributions subsequent to the				703	3,070	7,577		
measurement date		6,968		11,358	4,406	22,732		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans	\$	6,968	\$	20,134	\$ 8,082	\$ 35,184		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Inflows of Resources	ARHCT	RMP	ODD	Total	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ (12,744) (45,858)	\$ (997) (12,456)	\$ (10,947) (304)	\$	(24,688) (58,618)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences	(567,853)	(18,751)	(6,426)		(593,030)
between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	(10,668)	(763)	(3,413)		(14,844)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans	\$ (637,123)	\$ (32,967)	\$ (21,090)	\$	(691,180)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB plans resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB assets in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	ARHCT	RMP	ODD	Total
2023	\$ (202,300) \$	(5,171) \$	(3,485) \$	(210,956)
2024	(130,775)	(5,179)	(3,480)	(139,434)
2025	(140, 425)	(5,369)	(3,548)	(149, 342)
2026	(163,623)	(5,966)	(3,762)	(173,351)
2027	-	(658)	(2,036)	(2,694)
Thereafter	-	(1,848)	(1,103)	(2,951)
Total Amortization	\$ (637,123) \$	(24,191) \$	(17,414) \$	(678,728)

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB asset for each plan for the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

Amortization method Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability, level percent of pay basis

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary increases Graded by service, from 7.75% to 2.75% for Peace Officer/ Firefighter.

Graded by service from 6.75% to 2.75% for all others.

Allocation methodology Amounts for the June 30, 2021 measurement date were allocated to

employers based on the ratio of the present value of projected future contributions for each employer to the total present value of projected

future contributions to the Plan for fiscal years 2023 to 2039.

Investment rate of return 7.38%, net of postemployment healthcare plan investment expenses.

This is based on an average inflation rate of 2.50% and a real rate of

return of 4.88%.

Healthcare cost Pre-65 medical: 6.5% grading down to 4.5% trend rates Post-65 medical: 5.4% grading down to 4.5%

Post-65 medical: 5.4% grading down to 4.5% Prescription drug: 7.5% grading down to 4.5%

EGWP: 7.5% grading down to 4.5%

Mortality

(ARHCT, RMP and

ODD Plans)

(ODD Plan)

Pre-commencement and post-commencement mortality rates were based upon the 2013-2017 actual mortality experience. Post-commencement mortality rates were based on 91% of the male rates and 96% of the female rates of the RP-2014 healthy annuitant table, benefit-weighted, rolled back to 2006, and projected with MP-2017 generational improvement. The rates for pre-commencement mortality were 100% of the RP-2014 employee table, benefit-weighted, rolled back to 2006, and projected with MP-2017 generational improvement.

Deaths are assumed to be occupational 75% of the time for peace

officers/firefighters, 40% of the time for all others. Disability mortality in accordance with the RP-2014 Disabled Table, benefit-weighted, rolled back to 2006, and projected with MP-2017 generational improvement.

Participation (ARHCT) 100% of system paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect

the healthcare benefits paid as soon as they are eligible.

20% of nonsystem paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect

the healthcare benefits as soon as they are eligible.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2017, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation adopted by the Board to better reflect expected experience. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2019 valuation with the following exceptions:

- 1. Per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience.
- 2. Retired member contributions were updated to reflect the 5% decrease from calendar year (CY) 20 and CY 21.
- 3. The amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid for postretirement healthcare plan assets.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of postretirement healthcare plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic rates of return, excluding the inflation component of 2.50% for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Range	Real Rate of Return
Broad domestic equity	28%	+/- 6%	6.63%
Global equity (non-U.S.)	19 %	+/- 4%	5.41 %
Aggregate bonds	22%	+/- 10%	0.76%
Opportunistic	6 %	+/- 4%	4.39%
Real assets	13%	+/- 7%	3.16%
Private equity	12 %	+/- 6%	9.29%
Cash equivalents	-%	-%	0.13%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset for each plan as of June 30, 2021 was 7.38%. This discount rate used did not change from the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position for each plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset for each plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.38%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Proportional Share	1% De	ecrease (6.38%)	Current Discount Rate (7.38%)	1% Increase (8.38%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset):					
ARHCT	0.04730%	\$ (7	793,611)	\$ (1,213,501)	\$ (1,562,188)
RMP	0.07809%		13,680	(20,960)	(47,123)
ODD	0.09093%	((38,375)	(40,076)	(41,431)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2020 actuarial valuation reports as well as what the City's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Proportional Share	,	1% Decrease		Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1	% Increase
			.,,				
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset):							
ARHCT	0.04730%	\$	(1,603,006)	\$	(1,213,501)	\$	(743,470)
RMP	0.07809%		(50,868)	-	(20,960)		19,792
ODD	0.09093%		n/a		n/a		n/a

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(d) Defined Contribution OPEB Plans

PERS DC Pension Plan participants (PERS Tier IV) also participate in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan (HRA Plan). The HRA Plan allows for medical care expense to be reimbursed from individual savings accounts established for eligible persons. The HRA Plan became effective July 1, 2006 at which time contributions by employers began.

Contribution Rate

AS 39.30.370 establishes this contribution amount as "three percent of the average annual employee compensation of *all employees of all employees* in the plan". As of July 1, 2021, for actual remittance,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

this amount is calculated as a flat rate for each full-time or part-time employee per pay period and approximates \$2,168 per year for each full-time employee, and \$1.39 per hour for part-time employees.

Annual Postemployment Healthcare Cost

In fiscal year 2022, the City contributed \$41,200 in DC OPEB costs. These amounts have been recognized as expense/expenditures.

11. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability

The City operates a local landfill. State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, generally accepted accounting principles require that the City report a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The City has estimated the closure and postclosure costs to be \$219,800, with an estimated remaining life through 2036. At June 30, 2022, the City has recognized \$158,238 of this liability on the statement of net position, an increase of \$4,397 from the prior year. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$61,562 as the remaining expected usage is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2022. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The remaining life of the landfill is estimated to be approximately 14 years.

At June 30, 2022, the City has not committed or assigned any fund balance to fund the cost of closure and postclosure monitoring, nor have any assets been restricted for this purpose.

12. Risk Management

The City faces a considerable number of risks of loss, including (a) damage to and loss of property and contents, (b) employee torts, (c) professional liability; i.e., errors and omissions, (d) environmental damage, (e) workers' compensation; i.e., employee injuries, and (f) medical insurance costs of employees.

The City is a member of Alaska Public Entity Insurance (APEI), a governmental insurance pool. APEI provides the City coverage for property, including building and contents, automobiles, mobile equipment, data processing equipment and boiler and machinery; casualty, including general liability, public officials and employees liability, law enforcement professional liability, auto liability and employee benefit liability; workers' compensation, including employers liability; and commercial blanket bond. The City maintains supplemental marine insurance and firefighter's group accident coverage with insurance companies placed through APEI. The City has no coverage for potential losses from environmental damages.

APEI is a public entity risk pool organized to share risks among its members. Its bylaws provide for the assessment of supplemental contributions from members in the event that losses and expenses for any coverage year exceed the annual contributions and income earned on such contributions for the year. Such supplemental contributions shall be based upon each member's deposit contribution in comparison to the aggregate deposit contributions of all members. There were no supplemental assessments made during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

13. Contingencies

Grants

The City has received grants which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Management believes that such disallowances for grants, if any, would not be material.

14. Adoption of New Accounting Principle

In 2022, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which among other accounting and reporting criteria, requires the City to recognize the lease liability/asset and related deferred inflow/outflow accounts, as of the beginning of the City's fiscal year. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. The effect on beginning net position of adopting GASB Statement No. 87 in the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, is zero, since the balances for leases liabilities and intangible right-to-use assets, and receivable and deferred inflow of resources related to leases are the same. As a result of the implementation of this statement, the City has not recorded opening balance adjustments.

15. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates (effective dates are adjusted for the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance). The following new accounting standards were implemented by the City for 2022 reporting:

GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases - Effective for year-end June 30, 2022. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The City analyzed all active leases to determine which leases applied to GASB 87, then accounted for those leases accordingly.

GASB Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period - Effective for year-end June 30, 2022. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The City evaluated the impacts of GASB 89 and determined there to be no impact to the City's financial statements for the current fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 92 - Omnibus 2020 - Provisions of this Statement related to the effective date of Statement No. 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments are effective upon issuance. The effective date for all other provisions of the Statement are to be implemented for year-end June 30, 2022. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, the applicability of Statement No. 73 and Statement No. 74 for reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits, the applicability of Statement No. 84 to postemployment benefit arrangements, the measurements of liabilities and assets related to asset retirement obligations in a government acquisition, reporting of public entity

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

risk pools, referencing to nonrecurring fair value measurements, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. The City evaluated the impacts of GASB 92 and determined there to be no impact to the City's financial statements for the current fiscal year.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates (effective dates adjusted for the issuance of GASB 95). Management has not fully evaluated the potential effects of these statements, and actual impacts have not yet been determined. The statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 91 - Conduit Debt Obligations - Effective for year-end June 30, 2023. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit obligations, and related note disclosures. This Statement clarifies the definition of a conduit debt obligation and establishes standards for related accounting and financial reporting.

GASB Statement No. 94 - Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements - Effective for year-end June 30, 2023. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APA).

GASB Statement No. 96 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements - Effective for year-end June 30, 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This Statement, among other things, defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability, provides capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

GASB Statement No. 99 - Omnibus 2022 - Provisions of this Statement related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, classification of certain provisions in Statement No. 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement No. 53 and Statement No. 63 are effective upon issuance. The effective date for the provisions of this Statement related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are to be implemented for year-end June 30, 2023. The effective date for the provisions of this Statement related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, are to be implemented for year-end June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 100 - Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 - Effective for year-end June 30, 2024. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

GASB Statement No. 101 - Compensated Absences - Effective for year-end June 30, 2025. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

					Variance
		Original	Final		with Final
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget
Parameter					
Revenues	ć	4 002 250	Ć 4 420 2E0	Ć 4 249 040 <i>(</i>	220.770
Taxes	\$	1,003,250	\$ 1,128,250	\$ 1,348,919 \$	
State of Alaska		336,901	450,751	247,845 437	(202,906) 437
Federal government		207 440	207.660		
Other revenues		297,169	297,669	328,051	30,382
Total Revenues		1,637,320	1,876,670	1,925,252	48,582
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		1,420,702	922,202	973,595	(51,393)
Parks and recreation		23,000	13,000	10,108	2,892
Public safety		672,700	634,200	695,754	(61,554)
Public works		279,623	775,123	668,775	106,348
Debt Service - principal		-	-	6,715	(6,715)
Debt Service - interest		183,680	183,680	1,700	181,980
Capital outlay		-	-	39,808	(39,808)
Total Expenditures		2,579,705	2,528,205	2,396,455	131,750
Evenes of vovenues under					
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(942,385)	(651,535)	(471,203)	180,332
expenditures		(742,303)	(051,333)	(471,203)	100,332
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Other financing sources related to leases		_	-	25,002	25,002
Transfer out		(52,000)	(94,000)	•	42,000
		(=,=,=,	(: :,:::)	(=,)	,
Total Other Financing Uses		(52,000)	(94,000)	(26,998)	67,002
Net Change in Fund Balance	ć	(004 295)	¢ (745 525)	(409 201)	247 224
Her Change III I and balance	\$	(994,385)	\$ (745,535)	(498,201)	247,334
Fund Balance, beginning				3,603,932	
-				· · · ·	
Fund Balance, ending				\$ 3,105,731	

Clinic Operations Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Original		Final			Va	riance with
Budget		Budget		Actual	F	inal Budget
\$ -	\$	-	\$	134,217	\$	134,217
307,410		307,410		215,886		(91,524)
307,410		307,410		350,103		42,693
62,412		62,412		-		62,412
\$ 244,998	\$	244,998		350,103	\$	105,105
				1,514,585		
		,	\$	1,864,688		
\$	\$ - 307,410 307,410 62,412	307,410 307,410 62,412	\$ - \$ - 307,410 307,410 307,410 62,412 62,412	\$ - \$ - \$ 307,410 307,410 62,412 62,412	Budget Budget Actual \$ - \$ - \$ 134,217 307,410 307,410 215,886 307,410 307,410 350,103 62,412 62,412 - \$ 244,998 \$ 244,998 350,103 1,514,585	Budget Budget Actual F \$ - \$ - \$ 134,217 \$ 307,410 \$ 215,886 \$ 307,410 \$ 350,103 62,412 62,412 - - \$ 244,998 \$ 244,998 \$ 350,103 \$ 1,514,585 \$ 1,514,585

City of Sand Point, Alaska

Public Employees' Retirement System - Pension Plan Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

							-				
Years Ended June 30,		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.04708%		0.04162%	0.03854%	0.04640%	0.03549%	0.04490%	0.04158%	0).26420%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,727,012	\$	2,456,236	\$2,109,755	\$2,305,786	\$1,834,527	\$2,509,794	\$2,016,688	\$ 1,2	232,488
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the											
Net Pension Liability		232,744		1,016,740	839,486	666,582	682,570	268,000	538,967	1,	167,143
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	1,959,756	\$	3,472,976	\$2,949,241	\$2,972,368	\$2,517,097	\$2,777,794	\$2,555,655	\$ 2,	399,631
City's Covered Payroll	\$	1,410,883	\$	1,407,133	\$1,297,484	\$1,237,346	\$1,166,419	\$1,238,644	\$1,112,644	\$ 1,4	491,172
City's Proportionate Share of the											
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Payroll		122.41%		174.56%	162.60%	186.35%	157.28%	202.62%	181.25%		82.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	/	76.46%		61.61%	63.42%	65.19%	63.37%	59.55%	63.98%		62.37%
ScI	hec	dule of th	e	City's Cor	ntribution	s					
Years Ended June 30,		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
Contractually Required Contributions	\$	140,359	\$	161,621	\$ 126,952	\$ 136,277	\$ 135,172	\$ 114,845	\$ 101,325	\$	96,066
Contributions Relative to the Contractually											
Required Contribution		140,359		161,621	126,952	136,277	135,172	114,845	101,325		96,066
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	1,215,819	\$	1,410,883	\$1,407,133	\$1,297,484	\$1,237,346	\$1,166,419	\$1,238,644	\$ 1,	112,644
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		11.544%		11.455%	9.022%	10.503%	10.924%	9.846%	8.180%		8.634%

Public Employees' Retirement System - OPEB Plans Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	ARHCT								RMP			ODD						
Years Ended June 30,		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2022	2021	2020	2019	201		
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) City's Proportionate Share of the	0.047	730%	0.04160%	0.03848%	0.04640%	0.35500%	0.07809%	0.08160%	0.07957%	0.07135%	0.07135%	0.09093%	0.10232%	0.11161%	0.07135%	0.07135		
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,213,	501)	\$ (188,371)	\$ 57,100	\$476,203	\$ 299,802	\$ (20,960)	\$ 5,788	\$ 19,037	\$ 9,079	\$ 3,734	\$ (40,076)	\$ (27,891) \$	(27,061)	\$ (13,858)	\$ (10,161		
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(155,	901)	(77,946)	22,689	138,071	111,911	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,369,	402)	\$ (266,317)	\$ 79,789	\$614,274	\$ 411,713	\$ (20,960)	\$ 5,788	\$ 19,037	\$ 9,079	\$ 3,734	\$ (40,076)	\$ (27,891) \$	(27,061)	\$ (13,858)	\$ (10,161		
City's Covered Payroll City's Proportionate Share of the	\$ 228,	825	\$ 266,439	\$ 325,356	\$ 395,951	\$ 395,217	\$1,182,058	\$ 1,140,694	\$ 841,395	\$841,395	\$771,202	\$ 1,182,058	\$1,140,694	841,395	\$841,395	\$ 771,202		
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	-530	.32%	-70.70%	17.55%	120.27%	75.86%	-1.77%	0.51%	2.26%	1.08%	0.48%	-3.39%	-2.45%	-3.22%	-1.65%	-1.329		
of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	135	.54%	106.15%	98.13%	88.12%	89.68%	115.01%	95.23%	83.17%	88.71%	93.98%	374.22%	283.80%	297.43%	270.62%	212.97		

Schedule of the City's Contributions

			ARHCT			RMP								ODD						
Years Ended June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2022	2021	202	0	2019	2018		2022	20	21	2020	2019	2018	
Contractually Required Contributions Contributions Relative to the Contractually	\$ 6,968	\$ 16,423	\$ 50,708	\$ 49,104	\$ 38,529	\$	11,358	\$ 14,492	\$ 14,556	\$ 9	9,338 \$	8,318	\$	4,406	\$ 4,85	50 \$	4,486	\$ 4,557	\$ 981	
Required Contribution	6,968	16,423	50,708	49,104	38,529		11,358	14,492	14,556	, ,	9,338	8,318		4,406	4,85	50	4,486	4,557	981	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$.	\$	- 9		\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 119,650	\$ 228,825	\$ 266,439	\$ 325,356	\$ 395,951	\$1	1,096,169	\$ 1,182,058	\$ 1,140,694	\$ 972	2,128	841,395	\$ 1,09	96,169	\$ 1,182,05	58 \$	1,140,694	\$ 972,128	\$ 841,395	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	5.82%	7.18%	19.039	15.09%	9.73%		1.04%	1.23%	1.28	%	0.96%	0.99%		0.40%	0.4	1%	0.39%	0.47%	0.12%	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

1. Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The budgetary comparison schedules are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

2. Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2022, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2021.

Changes in Assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation (latest available) were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2017. As a result of this experience study, the ARM Board adopted updated actuarial assumptions for the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation to better reflect expected future experience. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2019 valuation, except the amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid from defined benefit pension plan assets.

In 2021, the discount rate remained the same at 7.38%.

Amounts reported reflect a change in assumptions between 2016 and 2017 in the method of allocating the net pension liability from actual contributions to present value of projected future contributions.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

Schedule of City Contributions

This table is based on the City's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, continued

3. Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plans

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset and Liability

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2022, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2021.

Changes in Assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2017, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation adopted by the Board to better reflect expected experience. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2019 valuation with the following exceptions:

- 1. Per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience.
- 2. Retired member contributions were updated to reflect the 5% decrease from calendar year (CY) 20 to CY 21.
- 3. The amount included in the Normal Cost for administrative expenses was updated to reflect the most recent two years of actual administrative expenses paid for postretirement healthcare plan assets.

In 2020, the discount rate was lowered from 8% to 7.38%.

In 2020, an Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) was implemented effective January 1, 2019. This arrangement replaced the Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) under Medicare Part D and resulted in larger projected subsidies to offset the cost of prescription drug coverage.

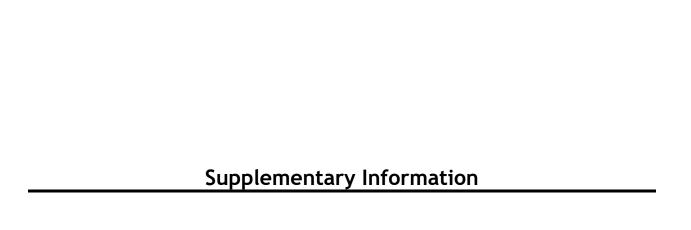
GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the City's Contributions

This table is based on the City's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

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General Fund Balance Sheet

June 30,	2022	2021
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 1,261,685	\$ 1,619,724
Receivables:		
Sales tax	104,000	84,022
Fish tax	72,779	121,562
Leases	499,538	-
Other	46,282	130,947
Prepaid items	167,151	14,580
Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC	297,122	305,349
Due from other funds	19,392	20,576
Advances to other funds	1,336,726	1,394,699
Total Assets	\$ 3,804,675	\$ 3,691,459
Total Assets	ў 3,00 - 1,073	Ş 3,071, 4 37
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 21,375	\$ 27,429
Accrued liabilities	49,462	53,098
Unearned revenue	128,421	7,000
	- ,	,,,,,
Total Liabilities	199,258	87,527
Deferred Inflows of Resources - related to leases	499,686	-
Fund Balance		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid items	167,151	14,580
Investment in Southwest Governments, LLC	297,122	305,349
Advances to other funds	1,336,726	1,394,699
Unassigned	1,304,732	1,889,304
Total Fund Balance	3,105,731	3,603,932
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 3,804,675	\$ 3,691,459
rotat Liabilities, Deferred lilitows of Resources, and Fully balance	ر کر ۱ ۰۵۵,۵۲۵ د	7 کر ا 1 را ر

Years Ended June 30,		2022		2021
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	with Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Sales taxes	\$ 600,250	\$ 810,718	\$ 210,468	\$ 660,467
Local raw fish taxes	525,000	529,138	4,138	369,311
Accommodation taxes	3,000	9,063	6,063	5,177
Total taxes	1,128,250	1,348,919	220,669	1,034,955
State of Alaska:				
Shared fisheries and raw fish tax	28,000	34,329	6,329	7,096
Fish resource landing tax	167,000	65,982	(101,018)	285,956
Community assistance program	87,901	78,785	(9,116)	75,302
State PERS relief	-	68,749	68,749	82,687
Other state grants	165,350	-	(165,350)	-
State liquor licenses	2,500	-	(2,500)	-
Total State of Alaska	450,751	247,845	(202,906)	451,041
Federal government	-	437	437	1,104,267
Other revenues:				
Building rental	110,000	107,188	(2,812)	113,389
Equipment rental	35,000	34,990	(10)	7,709
Business licenses	4,000	1,725	(2,275)	2,700
City dock fees		-	(=,=: =,	1,152
Southwest Governments, LLC investment income (loss)	15,000	21,773	6,773	(9,123)
Local donations	76,669	1,000	(75,669)	-
Investment income (loss)	8,000	(57,122)	(65,122)	122,949
Other local grants	-	16,658	16,658	328,851
Other	49,000	201,839	152,839	60,669
Total other revenues	297,669	328,051	30,382	628,296
Total Revenues	1,876,670	1,925,252	48,582	3,218,559

Years Ended June 30,	2022						
	Final				Variance		
	Budget		Actual		with Budget		Actual
Expenditures							
General government:							
Legislative:							
Salaries	\$ 36,000	\$	36,075	\$	(75)	\$	36,277
Fringe benefits	8,000		15,826		(7,826)		7,150
Council stipends	42,000		30,500		11,500		33,500
Travel and per diem	10,000		6,794		3,206		3,721
Dues and fees	4,000		4,019		(19)		1,613
Total legislative	100,000		93,214		6,786		82,261
Administration:							
Salaries	358,000		344,696		13,304		379,578
Fringe benefits	82,202		131,815		(49,613)		108,032
Travel and per diem	18,000		28,808		(10,808)		10,373
Telephone	15,000		12,377		2,623		13,925
Postage	4,500		3,838		662		3,741
Supplies	8,500		5,954		2,546		5,405
Equipment	10,000		5,533		4,467		6,447
Equipment maintenance	3,500		7,854		(4,354)		7,480
Contractual services	9,000		8,250		750		8,250
Dues and fees	4,000		15,214		(11,214)		12,725
Anchorage office	12,000		9,987		2,013		11,961
Audit	55,000		83,801		(28,801)		63,527
Legal	10,000		11,934		(1,934)		11,753
Insurance	184,000		184,264		(264)		152,750
Bank service charges	10,000		15,795		(5,795)		9,389
Fuel	2,000		769		1,231		749
Freight/speed paks	2,000		2,271		(271)		2,542
Elections	1,000		900		100		1,020
Hospitality	1,500		5,663		(4,163)		1,642
Library	2,500		-,		2,500		74
Event costs	2,500		155		2,345		3,005
Airport leases	27,000		503		26,497		6,884
Total administration	822,202		880,381		(58,179)		821,252
Total general government	922,202		973,595		(51,393)		903,513

Years Ended June 30,	2022							2021
		Final				Variance		
		Budget		Actual		with Budget		Actual
Expenditures, continued Parks and recreation:								
Salaries	\$	10,000	\$	9,280	Ċ	720	\$	1,141
Fringe benefits	¥	2,000	J	828	٠	1,172	٠	100
Equipment		1,000		- 020		1,000		
Total parks and recreation		13,000		10,108		2,892		1,241
Dublic and about								
Public safety: Police:								
Salaries		307,000		344,369		(27.260)		386,613
						(37,369)		
911 dispatchers Contractual services		19,200 10,000		26,386		(7,186) 10,000		31,550
				145 217		,		1E0 E23
Fringe benefits		88,000		145,217		(57,217)		150,533
Travel and per diem		45,000		35,162		9,838		55,843
Telephone		12,000		11,540		460		11,159
Supplies		5,000		6,330		(1,330)		3,992
Equipment		20,000		1,965		18,035		9,856
Equipment maintenance		10,000		3,700		6,300		6,08
Dues and fees		3,500		2,857		643		4,966
Fuel		5,000		4,799		201		3,861
Freight/speed paks		4,000		1,833		2,167		832
Total police		528,700		584,158		(55,458)		665,286
Emergency services:								
Volunteer stipends		20,000		77,865		(57,865)		33,754
Contractual services		40,000		3,298		36,702		1,409
Travel and per diem		-		2,700		(2,700)		2,248
Telephone		4,500		2,620		1,880		3,740
Supplies		2,500		2,177		323		2,567
Equipment		2,500		3,157		(657)		1,000
Equipment maintenance		2,000		-		2,000		121
Equipment fuel		1,000		84		916		67
Dues and fees		2,500		-		2,500		847
Freight		1,000		458		542		-
Total emergency services		76,000		92,359		(16,359)		45,753

Years Ended June 30,			2021			
		Final		Variance		
		Budget	Actual	with Budget		Actual
Expenditures, continued						
Public safety, continued:						
Fire:						
Salaries	\$	15,000 \$	13,297	\$ 1,703	\$	10,769
Fringe benefits	·	, <u> </u>	1,178	(1,178)	·	939
Telephone		1,000	2,549	(1,549)		1,864
Fireboat		1,000	· -	1,000		569
Supplies		1,500	648	852		199
Equipment		5,000	63	4,937		
Equipment maintenance		2,000	-	2,000		230
Equipment fuel		500	27	473		133
Dues and fees		500	_	500		47
Utilities		1,500	1,475	25		1,519
Freight		1,500	-	1,500		
Total fire		29,500	19,237	10,263		16,269
Total public safety		634,200	695,754	(61,554)		727,308
Community services -						
Economic relief payments		-	-	-		668,503
Public works:						
General:						
Salaries		225,000	183,698	41,302		231,413
Contractual services		15,000	-	15,000		6,385
Fringe benefits		50,000	50,759	(759)		68,523
Travel and per diem		2,000	6,127	(4,127)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Telephone		6,000	3,754	2,246		5,160
Supplies		15,000	8,965	6,035		3,942
Equipment		25,000	7,724	17,276		
Equipment maintenance		55,000	36,244	18,756		28,357
Equipment fuel		10,000	17,822	(7,822)		825
Dues and fees		500	10	490		
Utilities		17,000	18,544	(1,544)		18,637
Fuel		15,000	95,467	(80,467)		98,542
Repairs		50,000	1,090	48,910		124
Freight/speed paks		10,000	13,411	(3,411)		5,136
Total general		495,500	443,615	51,885		467,044

Years Ended June 30,		 2021				
		Final			Variance	
		Budget	Actı	ıal	with Budget	Actual
Expenditures, continued						
Public works, continued:						
Facilities:						
Salaries	\$	92,372	\$ 90,6	90	\$ 1,682	\$ 92,565
Fringe benefits		47,701	57,0	93	(9,392)	60,751
Municipal building:						
Supplies		12,000	8,5	18	3,482	7,736
Equipment		3,000	2,3	87	613	-
Equipment maintenance		4,000	2,4	14	1,586	402
Utilities		17,500	18,0	00	(500)	18,082
Fuel		30,000	1,8	09	28,191	1,619
Repairs		15,000	22,8	87	(7,887)	3,082
Dues and fees		300		-	300	-
Freight/speed paks		4,500	3,6	05	895	1,500
Employee housing:						
Supplies		500		-	500	60
Equipment		2,000		-	2,000	1,289
Fuel		5,000		-	5,000	-
Repairs		2,000	1,3	41	659	-
Freight/speed paks		1,000		35	965	901
Utilities		4,500	3,9	06	594	3,447
City owned/leased buildings:						
Fuel		3,000		-	3,000	-
Repairs		1,500		-	1,500	4,970
Utilities		12,000	8,7	33	3,267	4,850
Freight/speed paks		500		-	500	902
Supplies		-		-	-	84
RATNET building - utilities		750	4	08	342	398
Clinic facility:						
Repairs		-	2	47	(247)	116
4-plex:						
Supplies		500		-	500	-
Equipment		1,500		-	1,500	-
Utilities		2,000	1,4	86	514	1,401
Fuel		10,000		-	10,000	1,964
Repairs		2,000	2	62	1,738	-
Teen center:						
Utilities		1,500	1,3	29	171	1,245
Fuel		2,500		-	2,500	60
Repairs		500		10	490	-
Total facilities		279,623	225,1	60	54,463	207,424
Total public works		775,123	668,7	75	106,348	674,468

Years Ended June 30,	2022					2021
	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Budget		Actual
Expenditures, continued						
Debt Service - principal	\$ -	\$	6,715	\$ (6,715)	\$	-
Debt Service - interest Capital outlay	183,680		1,700 39,808	181,980 (39,808)		-
Capital Outlay			37,000	(37,000)		
Total Expenditures	2,528,205		2,396,455	131,750		2,975,033
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(651,535)		(471,203)	180,332		243,526
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Other financing sources related to leases	-		25,002	25,002		-
Transfer out	(94,000)		(52,000)	42,000		(85,258)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(94,000)		(26,998)	67,002		(85,258)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (745,535)	i)	(498,201)	\$ 113,330		158,268
Fund Balance, beginning			3,603,932			3,445,664
Fund Balance, ending		\$	3,105,731		\$	3,603,932

City of Sand Point, Alaska Boat Harbor Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net 1 Ositio	···	
June 30,	2022	2021
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance \$81,459 (\$140,144 in 2021)	\$ 73,696	\$ 126,790
Restricted Cash		
Bond reserve account Cash and investments	93,850	93,850 419,120
Total Restricted Cash	93,850	512,970
Net OPEB Asset	191,193	31,979
Capital Assets		
Building and floats	10,795,390	10,795,390
Equipment and vehicles	1,894,985	748,093
Construction in progress	-	680,880
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,062,370)	(3,608,160)
Total Capital Assets	8,628,005	8,616,203
Total Assets	8,986,744	9,287,942
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	26,710	43,550
Related to other postemployment benefits	5,278	19,227
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	31,988	62,777
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 9,018,732	\$ 9,350,719
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 33,280	\$ 4,285
Accrued leave	8,390	5,227
Accrued interest payable	9,530	6,280
Current portion of bonds payable	165,000	160,000
Total Current Liabilities	216,200	175,792
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Bonds payable, net of current portion	2,930,000	3,095,000
Bond premium, net of accumulated amortization	220,960	249,151
Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefits liability	259,052	363,206 856
Advances from General Fund	905,698	824,130
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,315,710	4,532,343
Total Liabilities	4,531,910	4,708,135
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	103,304	-
Related to other postemployment benefits	103,684	26,155
Deferred gain on refunding	88,683	96,868
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	295,671	123,023
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	5,223,362	5,528,154
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,032,211)	(1,008,593)
Total Net Position	4,191,151	4,519,561
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 9,018,732	\$ 9,350,719

Boat Harbor Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	20)22	2021
Operating Revenues			
Moorage	\$ 199,5	536 \$	330,707
Travel lift	105,6	64	75,855
Wharfage	17,1	17	20,810
Van storage	19,7	⁷ 44	16,667
Electricity	40,1	59	34,827
Penalties and interest	6,4	122	4,335
Rents	179,4	144	184,250
Harbor electric fees	8,9) 42	8,730
Other operating revenues, net	1,6	88	22,639
Total Operating Revenues	578,7	⁷ 16	698,820
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and benefits	185,3	365	162,517
Contractual services	5,3		9,756
Telephone	4,6		6,201
Supplies	13,7		24,265
Depreciation	481,4		451,902
Equipment and equipment maintenance	37,0		54,085
Dues and fees	·	975	2,951
Utilities	73,1		70,437
Fuel	3,1		3,815
Repairs	43,6		13,010
Travel	2,8		236
Freight/speed paks	18,1		20,523
Bad debt expense	,	-	87,432
Total Operating Expenses	869,4	176	907,130
Operating loss	(290,7	⁷ 60)	(208,310)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB	(8,0	1631	19,429
Gain on disposal of capital assets	26,1		17,727
Debt issuance expense	20, 1	.04	(43,472)
Interest expense	(55,6	- :01)	(75,401)
interest expense	(33,0	171)	(73,401)
Net Nonoperating Expenses	(37,6	550)	(99,444)
Change in net position	(328,4	1 10)	(307,754)
Net Position, beginning	4,519,5	561	4,827,315
Net Position, ending	\$ 4,191,1	151 \$	4,519,561

Boat Harbor Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,	2022		2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers	\$ 631,810	\$	619,718
Payments for goods and services	(173,624)		(311,296)
Payments for salaries and benefits	(242,867)		(281,103)
Net cash flows from operating activities	215,319		27,319
Cash Flows from (for) Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal paid on long-term debt	(160,000)		(80,000
Interest paid on long-term debt	(88,817)		(120,255
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	30,000		-
Debt issuance costs paid	•		(43,472
Proceeds from debt refunding	-		2,120,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(2,094,870
Increase in bond reserve account	-		(93,850
Proceeds from bond issuance	-		970,000
Premium from bond issuance	-		249,151
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(497,190)		(815,029
Increase in advances from General Fund	81,568		300,126
Net cash flows from (for) capital and related financing activities	(634,439)		391,801
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(419,120)		419,120
Cash and Investments, beginning	419,120		-
Cash and Investments, ending	\$ -	\$	419,120
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows from			
Operating Activities			
Operating loss	\$ (290,760)	\$	(208,310
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net			
cash flows from operating activities:			
Depreciation	481,492		451,902
State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB	(8,063)		19,429
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources:			
Accounts receivable (net)	53,094		(79,102
Net OPEB asset	(159,214)		(27,822
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	16,840		7,561
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	13,949		8,633
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:			
Accounts payable	28,995		(18,585
recounted pulyaneto	3,163		(2,608
Accrued leave	(104,154)		(84,127
	(101,131)		
Accrued leave	(856)		(10,841
Accrued leave Net pension liability			
Accrued leave Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefits liability	(856)		(10,841) (36,724) 7,913

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

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2,714,991
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10,281
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Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	2022	2021
Operating Revenues - User charges	\$ 243,136	\$ 236,323
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	(23,336)	270,490
Travel and per diem	2,628	-
Telephone	3,883	5,059
Supplies	10,000	13,941
Equipment and equipment maintenance	3,487	40,744
Dues and fees	16,059	5,737
Utilities	30,072	32,501
Fuel	1,561	1,303
Repairs	3,209	15,387
Freight/speed paks	6,071	7,199
Bad debt expense	· -	2,921
Depreciation	172,546	172,546
Total Operating Expenses	226,180	567,828
Operating income (loss)	16,956	(331,505)
Nonoperating Revenues - State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB	(2,361)	11,384
Income (loss) before transfers	14,595	(320,121)
Transfers in	52,000	60,500
Change in net position	66,595	(259,621)
Net Position, beginning	1,905,506	2,165,127
Net Position, ending	\$ 1,972,101	\$ 1,905,506

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,	2022		2021
Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers	\$ 248,543	Ś	231,923
Payments for goods and services	(78,796)	•	(121,278)
Payments for salaries and benefits	(82,206)		(166,088)
Net cash flows from (for) operating activities	87,541		(55,443)
Cash Flows from (for) Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers in	52,000		60,500
Decrease in advances from General Fund	(139,541)		(5,057)
Net cash flows from (for) noncapital financing activities	(87,541)		55,443
Net increase in cash and investments	-		-
Cash and Investments, beginning	-		-
Cash and Investments, ending	\$ -	\$	-
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows			
from (for) Operating Activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 16,956	\$	(331,505)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net			
cash flows from (for) operating activities:			
Depreciation	172,546		172,546
State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB	(2,361)		11,384
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources:			
Accounts receivable (net)	5,407		(4,400)
Net OPEB asset	(37,199)		(16,951)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	17,700		(22,525)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	9,721		706
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:			
Accounts payable	(1,826)		3,514
Accrued leave	(1,151)		(1,182)
Net pension liability	(136,993)		139,651
Net other postemployment benefits liability	(501)		(4,525)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	30,233		(9,643)
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	15,009		7,487
Net Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities	\$ 87,541	\$	(55,443)

Bingo Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 196,216	\$ 182,586
	104.044	100 504
Total Current Assets	196,216	182,586
Capital Assets		
Equipment and vehicles	14,541	14,541
Less accumulated depreciation	(14,541)	(14,541)
Total Capital Assets	-	
Total Assets	\$ 196,216	\$ 182,586
Liabilities and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accrued payroll	\$ 2,302	\$ 975
Due to General Fund	19,392	20,576
T . 16	24 (04	24 554
Total Current Liabilities	21,694	21,551
Net Position		
Unrestricted	 174,522	 161,035
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 196,216	\$ 182,586
	 	 , -

Bingo Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	2022	2021
Operating Revenues		
Pull tab revenue	\$ 471,922	\$ 595,901
Bingo revenue	16,519	31,924
Total Operating Revenues	488,441	627,825
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	36,629	36,166
Telephone	1,480	938
Supplies	324	379
Dues and fees	740	282
Bank service charges	2,617	2,943
Freight/speed paks	685	-
Prizes and payouts	382,690	489,828
Pull tab tax	4,132	3,577
Donations	28,747	10,000
Miscellaneous	(1,644)	-
Pull tab purchases	18,554	13,842
Total Operating Expenses	474,954	557,955
	,	,
Change in net position	13,487	69,870
Net Position, beginning	161,035	91,165
Net Position, ending	\$ 174,522	\$ 161,035

Bingo Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,		2022	2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers	\$	488,441	\$ 627,825
Payments for goods and services	·	(438,325)	(521,789)
Payments for salaries and benefits		(35,302)	(37,603)
Net cash flows from operating activities		14,814	68,433
Cash Flows from (for) Noncapital Financing Activities			
(Increase) decrease in due from General Fund		-	25,011
Increase (decrease) in due to General Fund		(1,184)	20,576
Net cash flows from (for) noncapital financing activities		(1,184)	45,587
Net increase in cash and investments		13,630	114,020
Cash and Investments, beginning		182,586	68,566
Cash and Investments, ending	\$	196,216	\$ 182,586
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Flows			
from Operating Activities			
Operating income	\$	13,487	\$ 69,870
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net			
cash flows from operating activities:			
Increase (decrease) in liabilities -			
Accrued payroll		1,327	(1,437)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	14,814	\$ 68,433

Refuse Collection Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2022	2021
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 607,679	\$ 593,218
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$3,490 (\$5,279 in 2021)	12,050	18,226
Total Current Assets	619,729	611,444
Net OPEB Asset	109,600	14,931
Capital Assets		
Buildings	19,400	19,400
Equipment and vehicles	498,629	498,629
Sanitary landfill	1,996,889	1,996,889
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,134,024)	(2,070,401)
Total Capital Assets	380,894	444,517
Total Assets	1,110,223	1,070,892
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	15,296	20,333
Related to other postemployment benefits	3,026	8,977
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,322	29,310
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,128,545	\$ 1,100,202
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Current Liabilities	Ć 350	÷ 427
Accounts payable Accrued leave		\$ 437
Accrued leave	7,536	9,706
Total Current Liabilities	7,886	10,143
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Landfill closure costs liability	158,238	153,841
Net pension liability	148,350	169,583
Net other postemployment benefits liability	•	400
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	306,588	323,824
Total Liabilities	314,474	333,967
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	59,159	-
Related to other postemployment benefits	59,436	12,212
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	118,595	12,212
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	380,894	444,517
Unrestricted	314,582	309,506
Total Net Position	695,476	754,023
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 1,128,545	\$ 1,100,202
	¥ .,.=0,515	, .,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Refuse Collection Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	2022	2021
Operating Revenues - user charges	\$ 158,863	\$ 180,965
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	123,810	95,042
Supplies	634	261
Equipment and equipment maintenance	16,629	5,189
Dues and fees	-	250
Utilities	244	1,180
Fuel	2,729	2,421
Freight/speed paks	731	1,137
Landfill closure expense	4,397	4,397
Bad debt expense	, -	2,230
Depreciation	63,623	63,623
Total On anting Forest	242.707	475 730
Total Operating Expenses	212,797	175,730
Operating income (loss)	(53,934)	5,235
Nonoperating Revenues - State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB	(4,613)	9,072
Income (loss) before transfers	(58,547)	14,307
Transfers in	-	12,150
Change in net position	(58,547)	26,457
Net Position, beginning	754,023	727,566
Net Position, ending	\$ 695,476	\$ 754,023

Refuse Collection Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,		2022		2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	\$	165,039	\$	173,265
Payments for goods and services	•	(21,054)	•	(12,374)
Payments for salaries and benefits		(129,524)		(120,390)
Net cash flows from operating activities		14,461		40,501
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers in		-		12,150
Net increase in cash and investments		14,461		52,651
Cash and Investments, beginning		593,218		540,567
Cash and Investments, ending	\$	607,679	\$	593,218
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows from				
Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(53,934)	\$	5,235
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	•	(,,	•	-,
cash flows from operating activities:				
Depreciation		63,623		63,623
State PERS on-behalf, net pension and OPEB		(4,613)		9,072
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources:		() ,		,
Accounts receivable (net)		6,176		(7,700)
Net OPEB asset		(94,669)		(13,065)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		5,037		881
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		5,951		3,524
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:		·		·
Accounts payable		(87)		293
Accrued leave		(2,170)		(1,055)
Landfill closure costs liability		4,397		4,398
Net pension liability		(21,233)		(11,006)
Net other postemployment benefits liability		(400)		(4,849)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		59,159		(12,876)
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		47,224		4,026
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	14,461	\$	40,501

Rock Crusher Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,		2022	2021
Transfers			
Transfers out	\$	- \$	(15,250)
Transfers in	•	-	12,608
Change in net position		-	(2,642)
Net Position, beginning			2,642
Net Position, ending	\$	- \$	-

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